

Anti-FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal antibody (CRA1), FITC-labeled

72-004 50 ug

FcεR1α is subunit of the high affinity receptor for IgE to which IgE directly binds. FcεR1 is a tetrameric complex consisting of one α, one β and two γ subunits. The latter two are required for signal transduction activity. The FcεR1 complex plays an important role in triggering allergic responses.

The CRA1 (AER37) monoclonal antibody reacts with the FcεR1α subunit on a region that does not overlap the region of the IgE binding site, thus it does not compete with IgE for the receptor binding. Since the CRA2 (AER24) monoclonal antibody reacts with the IgE binding site on FcεR1α, it competes with IgE for the receptor binding. Combining the two antibodies, one can quantitatively measure the amounts of the IgE-bound FcεR1α.

The IgG fraction was purified from serum free culture medium of mouse hybridoma (CRA1) by propriety chromatography under mild conditions. This product is an FITC-labeled IgG ([FITC]/[IgG] = 5.0) produced from the IgG fraction.

Applications:

- 1) FACS (Ref 3)
- 2) Immunohistochemistry and immunocytochemistry (Ref 7)
- 3) Titration of IgE-bound in combination with CRA2 antibody (Ref 5)

Epitope: Amino acids 1-84 of FcεR1 α (Ref 5)

Isotype: IgG2b(κ)

Form: Purified monoclonal antibody (IgG) 1.0 mg/ml in PBS (pH 7.4), 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized, azide free

Storage: -20°C

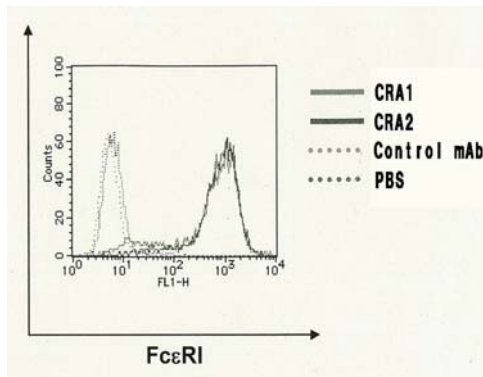
Data Link: UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot [P12319](#) (FCERA_HUMAN)

References: This product was used in references 3 -7.

1. Ra C *et al* "A macrophage Fc gamma receptor and the mast cell receptor for IgE share an identical subunit" *Nature* **341**:752-754 (1989) PMID: [2529442](#)
2. Hakimi J *et al* "The alpha subunit of the human IgE receptor (FcERI) is sufficient for high affinity IgE binding" *J Biol Chem* **265**:22079-22089 (1990) PMID: [2148316](#)
3. Yamaguchi M *et al* "IgE enhances Fc epsilon receptor I expression and IgE-dependent release of histamine and lipid mediators from human umbilical cord blood-derived mast cells: synergistic effect of IL-4 and IgE on human mast cell Fc epsilon receptor I expression and mediator release" *J Immunol* **162**:5455-5465 (1999) PMID: [10228025](#)
4. Suzukawa M *et al* "IgE- and FcepsilonRI-mediated migration of human basophils" *Int Immunol* **17**:1249-1255 (2005) PMID: [16103029](#)
5. Takai T *et al* "Epitope analysis and primary structures of variable regions of anti-human FcepsilonRI monoclonal antibodies, and expression of the chimeric antibodies fused with human constant regions" *Biosci Biotechnol Biochem* **64**:1856-1867(2000) PMID: [11055388](#)
6. Takai T *et al* "Direct expression of the extracellular portion of human FcepsilonRIalpha chain as inclusion bodies in Escherichia coli" *Biosci Biotechnol Biochem* **65**:79-85 (2001) PMID: [11272849](#)
7. Untersmayr E *et al* "The High Affinity IgE Receptor FcεRI Is Expressed by Human Intestinal

Epithelial Cells” PLoS ONE 5 (2):1-11 (2010) PLoS ONE: [0009023](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0009023)

Figure: FACS analysis of CHO/ $\alpha\beta\gamma$ cells (1×10^5) with CRA1 and CRA2 antibodies by Indirect-immunostaining, using FITC-labeled secondary antibody.



Related product:

- # [72-001](#) Anti- FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal (CRA1)
- # [72-003](#) Anti- FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal (CRA1), biotinylated
- # [72-005](#) Anti-FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal (CRA2)
- # [72-007](#) Anti-FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal (CRA2), biotinylated
- # [72-008](#) Anti-FcεR1α (human IgE receptor) monoclonal (CRA2), FITC conjugated