

ORDERING INFORMATION

Catalog Number: BML020

Lot Number: Size: 50 μ g

Formulation: 0.2 µm filtered PBS solution

Storage: -80°C

Specificity: human plasma PAF-AH

Immunogen: PAF-AH purified from pooled plasma

Ig Type: IgG1

Application: Western blot

Sandwich ELISA

Anti-human PAF-AH Antibody PAF-AH A7G

Preparation

Produced in mice immunized with platelet-activating factor acetylhdrolase (PAF-AH) purified from human plasma. PAF-AH specific IgG was purified from mouse ascites fluid with a protein A-Sepharose.

Formulation

0.2 μ m filtered PBS solution

Storage

IgG in PBS solution are stable for twelve months from the date of receipt when stored at -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Specificity

This antibody has been selected for its ability to bind for human PAF-AH (1).

Additional Applications

Western Blot – This antibody can be used at $0.5 - 1.0~\mu g/mL$ with the appropriate secondary reagent to detect human plasma PAF-AH. The detection limit for purified PAF-AH and plasma sample is approximately 0.01 $\mu g/l$ ane and 0.05 $\mu L/l$ ane, respectively, under non-reducing and reducing conditions.

Sandwich ELISA – The biotinylated antibody (Catalog #BML021) can be used as a detection antibody in a human plasma PAF-AH ELISA in combination with the monoclonal capture antibody (Catalog #BML019). The detail for ELISA protocol is described in the reference 1. Using plates coated with 100 μ L/well of the capture antibody, in combination with 100 μ L/well of the detection antibody at 0.5 μ g/mL, an ELISA for sample volumes of 100 μ L can be obtained. Titrate each preparation of the serum sample for standard preparation to arrive at the most suitable dose range. For this antibody pair, a two-fold dilution series starting at 80 ng/mL is suggested. For more information, please see the reference (1).

Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application.

References

- (1) Kujiraoka et al., Altered distribution of plasma PAF-AH between HDLs and other lipoproteins in hyperlipidemia and diabetes. J Lipid Res, 2003;44:2006-2014.
- (2) Ishihara et al., Functional impairment of two novel mutations detected in lipoprotein-associated phospholipase A2 (Lp-PLA2) deficiency patients. J Hum Genet, 2004;49:301-307.
- (3) Kujiroaka et al., Effects of intravenous apolipoprotein A-I/phosphatidylcholine discs on paraoxonase and platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase in human plasma and tissue fluid. Atherosclerosis, 2004;176:57-62.

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